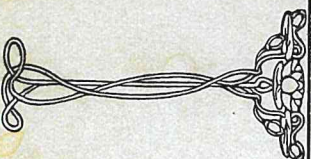


ASHTON

Fremont County, Idaho



In the Shadow
of the Tetons

Issued by the
ASHTON COMMERCIAL CLUB
Ashton, Idaho

Printed by
THE IDAHO REGISTER
Idaho Falls, Idaho

ASHTON

FREMONT COUNTY, IDAHO



By
SETH ERNST GORDON

ISSUED BY THE
ASHTON
COMMERCIAL CLUB

Go You:

IN ISSUING THIS BOOKLET, we were prompted by the numerous inquiries which we have received seeking information about Ashton, Fremont County, Idaho. We have endeavored to state as clearly and concisely as possible the true conditions existing in this territory. We have not exaggerated any statement, rather have we taken the lowest average as far as crops are concerned and the same is true as regards land values. We hope that you will read the following pages carefully as we feel assured if you will do this that we will soon have the pleasure of welcoming you to one of the most prosperous and "healthy growing" communities in the Upper Snake River Valley. "Opportunity is knocking at your door today." This is an old saying, nevertheless it is true and especially so as regards Ashton. If you wish any further special information, a postcard addressed to Secretary, Ashton Commercial Club, Ashton, Idaho, will be cheerfully answered.

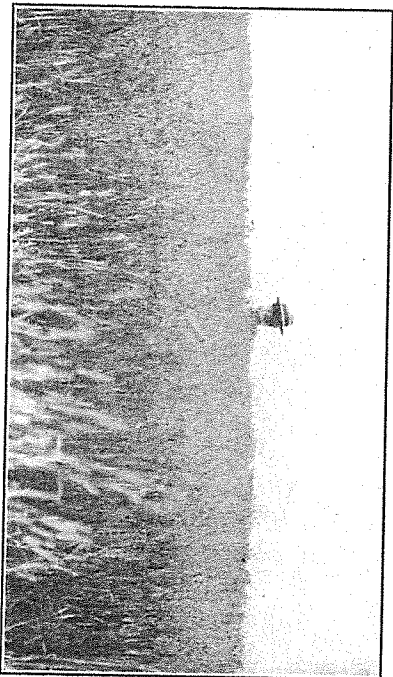
"Remember, there is but one crop of land and the values in fertile regions are ever increasing."—ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The past five years has been a season of "boom" in the "back to the farm" movement. Scores of new towns have been placed on the map where before reigned barren waste and worthless desert. Farmers by the thousands have sold their holdings in THE FARM. the Eastern, Central and Southern states and have followed the course of Empire into the great WEST.

Many sections of the West have been reclaimed by capitalists. Other parts have come into their own because of their strategic commercial location. Then there are the few favored sections which Nature seems to have set apart for the special benefit of the true and faithful husbandman. SUCH A REGION IS THE UPPER SNAKE RIVER VALLEY IN WHICH ASHTON IS LOCATED.

It was way back in 1805 that Sacca-ja-wea, the youthful Shoshone Indian, carrying a little red-skinned papoose on her lithe young shoulders, led Lewis and Clark into the Idaho country. The first habitation built by a white man in

HISTORY. this, then, unknown territory, was a small log cabin located at the headwaters of the Snake River. Andrew Henry was the name of this pioneer. Little he knew that his primitive home was to be the wedge that would subsequently open a country that for its agricultural productivity as well as its mineral deposits



Ninety-four Bushels to the Acre.

would not be surpassed and rarely equaled on the great American continent.

Space will not allow a lengthy discourse on the history of the "Gem State" of the West. It would take volumes to tell of the trials and struggles that confronted such men as Capt. Hunt of the Astor Expedition in 1811, the "hundred adventurers" from St. Louis in 1826, Capt. Bonneville in 1833, and so on down the line of early explorers and settlers.

Suffice to say that the Upper Snake River Valley, which is located in Bingham and Fremont counties, Idaho, is rich in the lore and legends of history, and some of the hardest struggles for the advancement of civilization in the West have been fought and won in the State of Idaho.

Fremont county is located in the northeastern



A Wheat Field in July.

part of Idaho, bounded on the north by Montana, (the axis of the Rocky Mountains forming the boundary line between the two States) on the

FREMONT east by Yellowstone National Park
COUNTY, and Wyoming, on the south by
IDAH0 Bingham county and on the west
by Lincoln and Blaine counties. It

covers an area of 3,892,440 acres of land of which about one-eighth is under irrigation canals and about 250,000 under actual cultivation. "Where the axis of a mountain happens to be the boundary line between two States or Territories, one may expect high elevations on both sides of the line. Fremont county is no exception to this rule. The northern part of the county is mountainous and so is the northeastern part; but these mountains and high elevations are a storehouse of in-

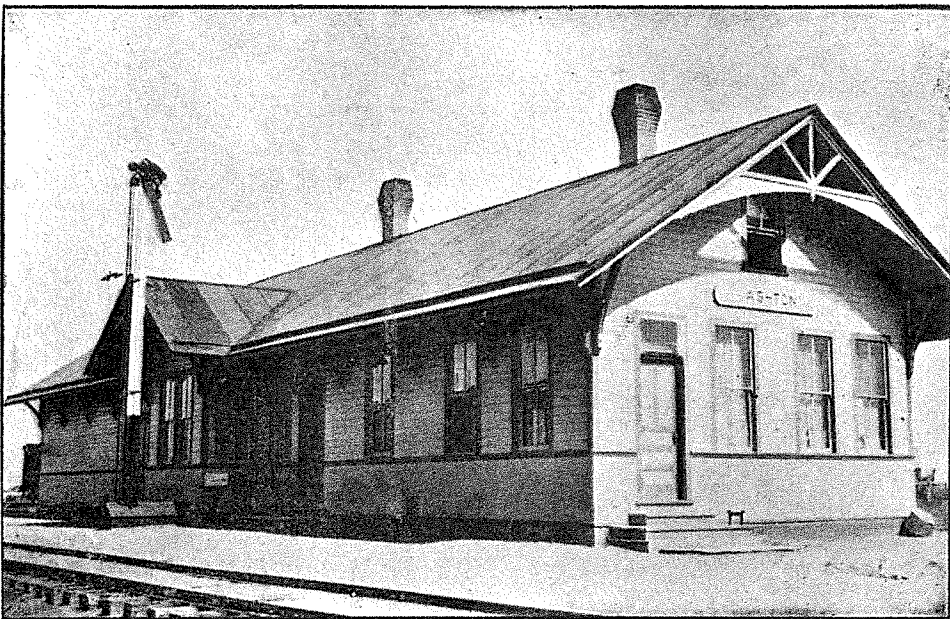
calculable treasure, because of the immense quantity of water their melting snows furnish to the lowlands of the State and because of the forests which grow on their slopes and ravines."

Fremont county had, in 1908, a population of 31,250, but as the influx of new settlers during the past three years has been greater than in the preceding ten, we feel safe in saying that it will now reach the respectable figure of 40,000.

Ashton is the youngest organized community in the Upper Snake River Valley. In January 1906 the townsite of Ashton was a sagebrush-covered prairie; today it is a town of over 1000 inhabitants;

ASHTON, IDAHO
fine business blocks, city water and electric light plants, churches, a splendid school, four of the largest elevators in the State, first-class hotel and other modern advantages too numerous to mention.

It is located on the Yellowstone branch of the Oregon Short Line and only 56 miles from the Nation's playground, the famous Yellowstone National Park. Its location is strategic in that it is the distributing point for a vast territory of agricultural land (irrigated and "dry" farming) as well as being the outfitting station for the Government reserves, mining camps and the big game hunting grounds. There is no community of any size located north of Ashton in this section of Idaho, so of



O S. L. Depot at Ashton.

necessity it is the commercial center of this territory.

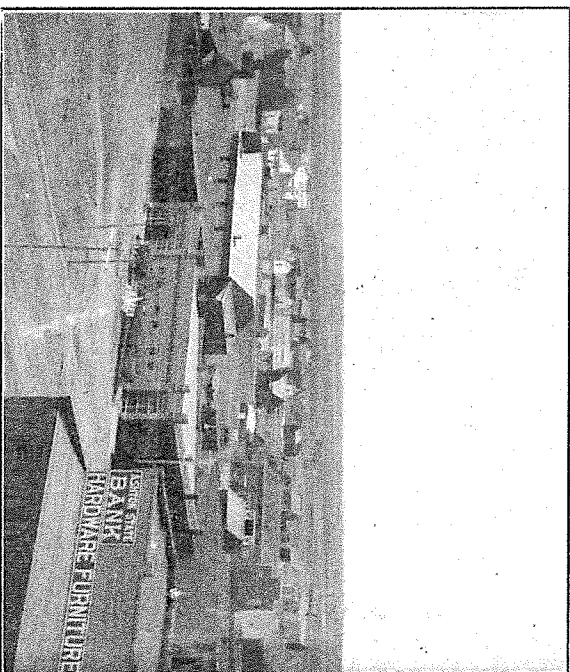
Recently the citizens of Ashton and the Teton Basin presented the Oregon Short Line Railroad with the right of way for a branch line from Ashton to Driggs, in the Teton Basin. This means that

a new commercial territory will be opened for the business interests of

RAILROAD DEVELOPMENT AND MINERAL DEPOSITS. The Teton Basin comprises about 100,000 acres of land, the

greater part of which is used for agricultural purposes. It has a population of about 3,500. One of the most interesting mineral deposits—interesting to the whole south and southeastern part of the State—is the coal deposits of the Teton Basin. Mr. Robert N. Bell, the most capable mine inspector the State has ever had, speaking of this deposit in his report of 1907, said:

"By virtue of its extensive resources of high grade bituminous coal, Fremont county seems to be destined to cut a more important figure in the industrial development of the State at large, than does any other county in the State, as a good article of mineral fuel is about as essential and necessary to the welfare and upbuilding of industrial enterprises of a new community as any other natural resource can be. The development of the coal fields of this county have progressed so far as to prove beyond a question that they contain coal resources



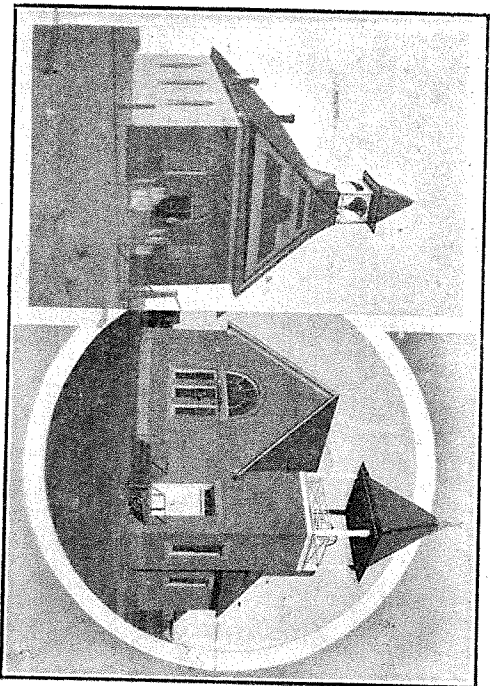
View of the Residence Section.

in sufficient quantity, when properly opened up, to put the State entirely independent of foreign sources for its fuel supply, and of a quality that is not excelled by any Western or Eastern bituminous coals now shipped into Idaho, which are shipped at exorbitant famine prices that seem to be constantly increasing."

This statement coming from an eminent authority, is worthy of consideration by investors and capitalists seeking new fields in which to profitably invest their surplus cash. The Teton Basin

is a kingdom in itself and the new railroad will be the beginning of a new epoch in this entire section. How extensive this will be is difficult to predict, because the resources are unlimited and depend entirely upon men to develop them.

In the western part of the county is located the famous Birch Creek mineral lands, where considerable development work has succeeded in exposing enormous deposits of copper and lead. Shipments of copper ore from these deposits to Salt Lake City smelters showed from 50% to 60% copper and the last shipment of lead ore showed 68% lead. The surfaces of these ore deposits have



Two Ashton Churches.

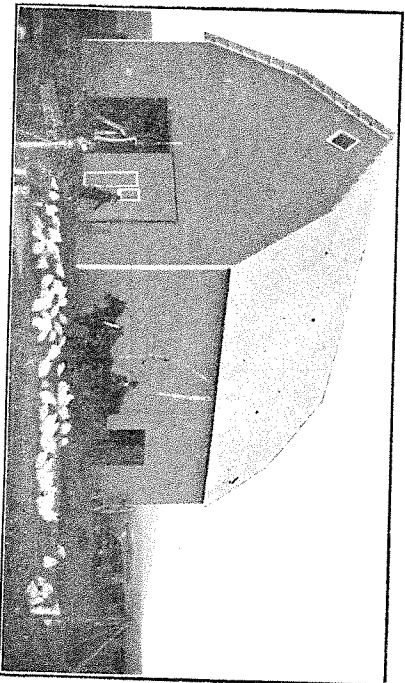
only been scratched thus far but further development will undoubtedly prove them to be the richest in the West.

The new transcontinental lines headed this way (now in course of construction) will give a wonderful impetus to the mining industry of the county, and then ASHTON will no longer be a "town" but a city.

In the near future this section of the country will not only have excellent steam railway facilities, but a network of electric lines as well, that will reach all the small communities not on the railroad at the present time. Construction work on at least one of the electric lines will begin this fall.

The homeseekers of today are not satisfied simply to know that the land is productive; they want to settle in a section where the natural conditions of the surrounding territory are conducive to pleasure as well as profit. Men HUNTING AND are all children at heart. They—FISHING. I might as well say we—must play.

Our nature demands amusement. Nature has been prodigal in bestowing upon the country surrounding Ashton her choicest gifts. The beautiful mountain streams fairly teem with game trout of all varieties. Jackson's Hole, the famous big game hunting grounds is reached from Ashton via stage, and sportsmen from all sections of the country come here to hunt the deer, elk,

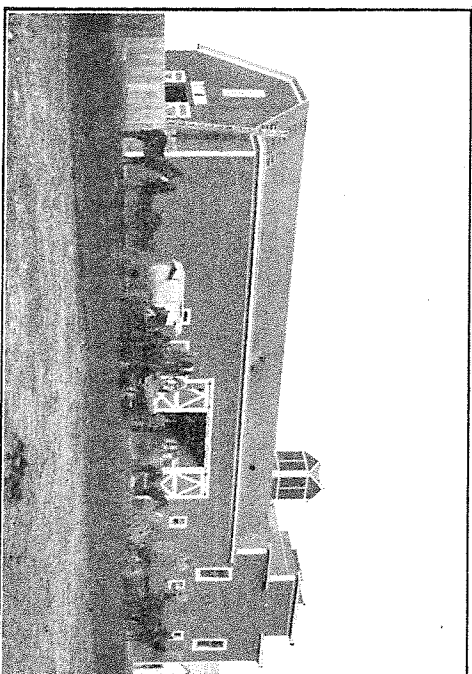


L. A. Graves' Stock Barn.

bear, mountain lion, mountain sheep and other big game. Ashton is the outfitting point for these hunting parties. Elk have rapidly increased in numbers and during the past season large bands wintered in the forests of Fremont county. Wild geese, ducks, grouse, sage hens, etc., are still very plentiful. This is distinctly the hunters' paradise.

Farming by irrigation has been successfully practiced in the Upper Snake River Valley for the past forty years. The men who put in the first irrigation canals forty years ago are still living and they have seen this valley transformed from a sagebrush desert to fields of golden grain, orchards, alfalfa fields, vegetable

gardens, thousands of acres of sugar beets, in fact



H. F. Hulse's Livery Barn.

nearly all the products that are raised in the North Temperate Zone. I dare say that there is no section of the great Irrigated West where the art of irrigation has reached the same stage of perfection that it has in the Upper Snake River Valley.

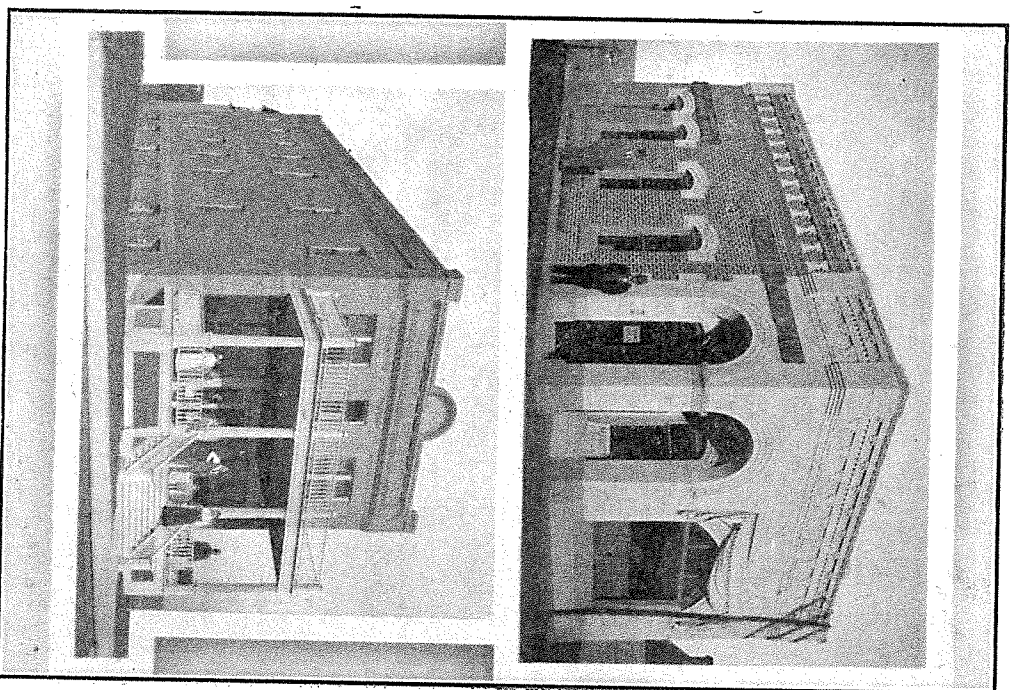
The great Snake River, Nature's most gracious gift to the State of Idaho, has its source in the mountains of Wyoming. From this fact it is readily seen that irrigation in this vicinity is positive because *we get our water first*, and it comes from one of the largest rivers on the continent. Shortage of water is unknown. We have more than we can use. The water rights are the oldest and most secure as well as the cheapest to be found in the

West. The canals are all owned by the farmers who dug them and for this reason the cost of irrigation has been reduced to the minimum. There are in Fremont county 555 miles of main canals and 688 miles of laterals. Some of the laterals are as large as the main canals; 552,864 acres are under canals in this county. Ashton is located near the center of this enormous tract of rich, wealth-producing agricultural land.

Dry farming is the art of producing crops, through scientific farming, in a section where the rainfall is insufficient to produce crops under normal conditions. It means the conservation of moisture by a proper cultivation of

the soil. This branch of farming has **DRY FARMING.** also reached a high state of development in the territory surrounding Ashton. Instances could be cited where farmers have produced phenomenal crops through this method of agriculture. On one ranch near Ashton the wheat crop ran 44 bu. to the acre on 500 acres, and mind you, this is without irrigation. This is only one example of the productiveness of the soil when properly handled.

The new homestead law which entitles a homeseeker to take up 320 acres of land is a god-send to this section of the country and will mean that the coming year will witness a greater influx of settlers than ever before. In the vicinity of Ashton is located thousands of acres of this land wait-



Security State Bank. Hotel Ashton.

ing for the farmer to begin operations upon. Of course the most successful "dry farmers" are those who have been able to go into it on a large scale. Land of this character cannot be farmed every year consecutively. In order to produce commercial crops on this land it must rest every other year, so it is necessary to have a fairly large ranch in order to make it pay.

The principle crops are as follows: Wheat, oats, barley, alfalfa, timothy, sugar beets, vegetables, and small fruits. The amount that these different crops will produce per acre depends, of course,

mostly upon the attention and careful cultivation that is given them. In CROPS IN GENERAL, this particular the Upper Snake

River Valley is no different from any other farming section. A farmer cannot simply plow the land and sow the seed and then expect God Almighty to do the rest. He has given the soil, the water and the sunshine, but He expects him who would profit by these blessings to put his labor into the soil. The farmer who will do this is assured of crops and profits beyond his expectations. Following is a concise statement of the principal crops and their yield per acre:

The wheat production of Fremont county during the season of 1910 will amount to about 1,500,000 bu. A great part of this wheat is grown on "dry farming" land, that is, grown



A Field of Onions.

without irrigation. The average yield is from thirty-five to forty bushels to the acre and the average weight is around 62 lbs. Idaho is at the head

WHEAT.

of all wheat producing States, giving the highest yield per acre. The soil conditions, the clear cool air and the fact that the crop is watered just when it needs it, places the wheat crop of the Upper Snake River Valley at the head of the market as far as prices are concerned. It holds the highest rank with the millers.

Practically the entire season's shipment of oats from Ashton last year went to the Chicago markets. This fact in itself is testimony of its superior quality. Being free from rust and bad color and also on account of its high average weight, it commands the highest price of any oats produced in the Union. Instances are on record where farmers have produced as high as 120 bu. to the acre. This, of course, is an exceptional crop, but the average is between 60 and 75 bu. to the acre.

OATS.

Barley is not raised as extensively in this county as wheat and oats. The farmers who have produced these two staples seem to think them more remunerative than

BARLEY.

barley. In 1909 Fremont county harvested 135,000 bu. Matting barley is raised for export trade as well as for home consumption for feeding and fattening purposes. The average yield is about 36 bu. per acre.

The raising of sugar beets is steadily increasing in this county. One of the largest beet sugar factories in the West is located a few miles from Ashton. About 150,000 tons were raised in Fremont county last year. The farmers find this a paying crop because of the nearness to mar-

SUGAR BEETS.

ket, and the enormous yields per acre, through judicious irrigation. The yield is from 15 to 20 tons per acre. This year the producers are receiving \$4.75 per ton with a promise of five dollars next year. Three of the largest beet sugar factories in the world are located in the Upper Snake River Valley, and yet this industry is in its infancy as far as extensive production of sugar

beets is concerned. The Sugar City beet sugar factory distributes over \$500,000 annually to the farmers of this county, and the greater part of this money is spent locally.

Alfalfa is undoubtedly the greatest plant soil renovator known to man, as well as one of the oldest forage plants. It was carried by the Persians into Greece with the invasion by Xerxes in 490 B. C., utilized by the Romans in their conquest of Greece, and carried to Rome in 146 B. C.

ALFALFA.

From these early dates, down through the ages and up to the present time, it has held the first place as a forage plant. It has been the salvation of empires of agricultural land. I quote the following from Mr. George L. Clothier.

"The cultivation and feeding of alfalfa mark the highest development of our modern agriculture. Alfalfa is one of nature's choicest gifts to man. It is the preserver and conservator of the homestead. It is peculiarly adapted to a country with a republican government, for it smiles alike on the rich and the poor. It does not fall from old age. It loves the sunshine, converting the sunbeams into gold coin in the pockets of the thrifty husbandman. It is the greatest mortgage lifter yet discovered."

We have found this statement to be true as regards the production of alfalfa in this valley. Two to four cuttings a year and from six to eight tons to the acre is the usual crop. Alfalfa is a money maker in this section on account of the great amount of live stock wintered here.

Hay-grasses of all varieties, timothy, clover, etc., grow prolifically. Last year over 215,000 tons of timothy alone was raised in Fremont county. Red clover grows luxuriantly and as a seed crop is a winner.

TIMOTHY,

CLOVER AND These find a ready market locally as the sheep HAY GRASSES and cattle men bring their flocks and herds from the grazing lands to the valley to finish them for the markets as well as to winter them.

This is the natural home of the "spud." The soil and all other conditions contribute to make the Upper Snake River

Valley potato a prize winner. A great many potato growers from the famous Greeley district in Colorado have pronounced this territory ideal for the production of "Murphies", and as witness of the truth of their statement and the confidence which they have in this section, have located here and are today coining money from this great crop. They average from 350 to 400 bushels to the acre. A number of instances are on record of five hundred bushels to the acre, and some small tracts carefully cultivated have produced as high as seven hundred bushels per acre.

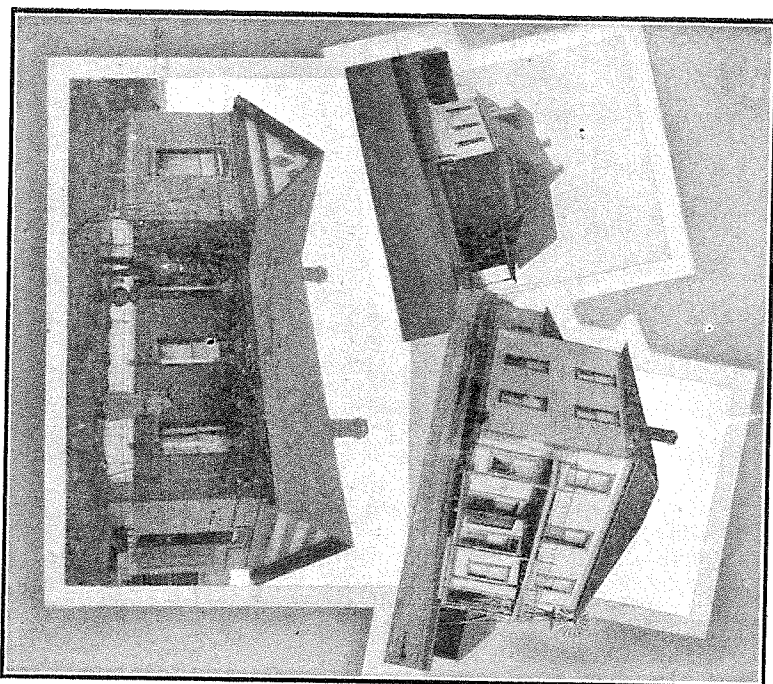
The Idaho potato is famous the country over and today commands the highest market price of any potato grown.

It may seem strange to an eastern orchardist to find peaches growing at an elevation of nearly 6000 feet. Facts, however, are sometimes stranger than fiction. True it is, there is a section of the country in this county on the South Fork of the Snake River, not far from Heise's Hot HORTICULTURE. Springs, called Sun-ya-dale, where the evidence of the fact stated is visible, for the actual thing is there, and in the same place there is a four-year-old apple orchard embracing 160 acres. The county has over 1000 acres in orchards of which about 600 can be classified as commercial. The species grown are apples, pears, prunes, plums, and cherries. All the berry family that thrive in the North Temperate Zone are grown successfully and produce exceptional yields.

Orcharding, in its greater development, is as yet in its infancy, but the fact that it is a success has been proven beyond a shadow of a doubt. The Codlin moth and other pests which usually infest fruit growing sections are unknown here as the nights are too cool to permit of their existence.

At present not enough poultry products are produced to supply the local markets. Owing to the abundance of grain and the nearness to the great markets of Butte and Salt Lake

City, this industry will prove to be remunerative to those who will engage in it systematically. Hogs and alfalfa is a great combination, and hog raising is a growing industry in the valley. "The alfalfa and grain fed hog of the Upper Snake River Valley matures more quickly and attains greater weight in proportion to the feed investment than the

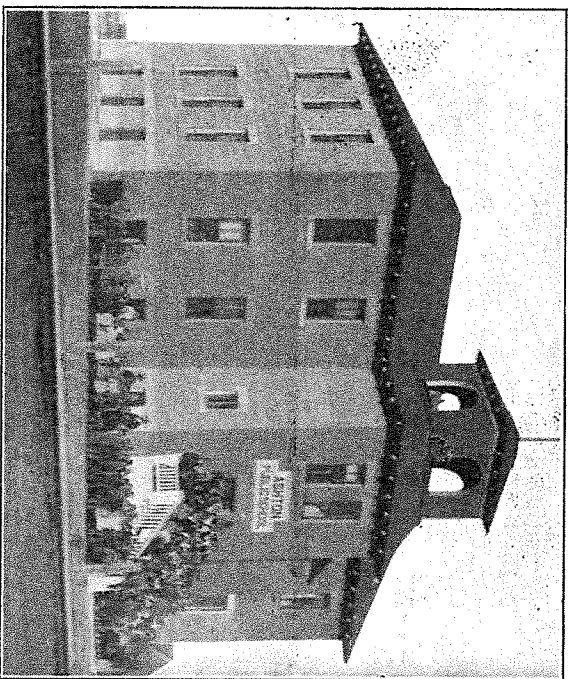


A Group of Residences.

corn-finished hog and is, moreover, free from all diseases so prevalent among corn-fed porkers.

Stock raising occupies a secondary position at the present time, whereas in the early days it was the primary pursuit. The range herd is practically a thing of the past and in its place has come the smaller herds of better graded stock. The great Forest Reserves and free range of the mountains provide abundant pasture for the grazing of cattle and sheep. Alfalfa hay and the pulp from the sugar beet factories supply sufficient winter feed and enable the stock men to market their cattle at a good profit.

This territory is one of the greatest sheep raising and wool-



Ashton Public School Building.

growing sections of the entire west. No better mutton sheep are raised in the country than the Idaho sheep. As high as one million pounds of wool have been sold in one day from the enormous warehouses located here to Eastern buyers. This is one of the greatest industries in the northern part of the county. Whole train loads of sheep are shipped from this section during the shipping season.

Dairying is coming into its own. The importation of registered stock has given a wonderful impetus to this branch of the farmers' activity. Creameries are being located in nearly every community of the county and this promises to be the greatest dairy county in the State. This industry, as yet, is in its infancy, as is practically every other except the raising of grain, and the man who gets in on the "ground floor" is sure to make a wonderful success of it if he will give his best attention to the work.

The wonderful richness of the alfalfa raised here and the excellent pasturage which it affords the dairy herd has a tendency to increase the amount of butter fat produced by each cow and a consequent large revenue. The markets for dairy products are unlimited and the territory surrounding Ashton is an ideal dairying country.

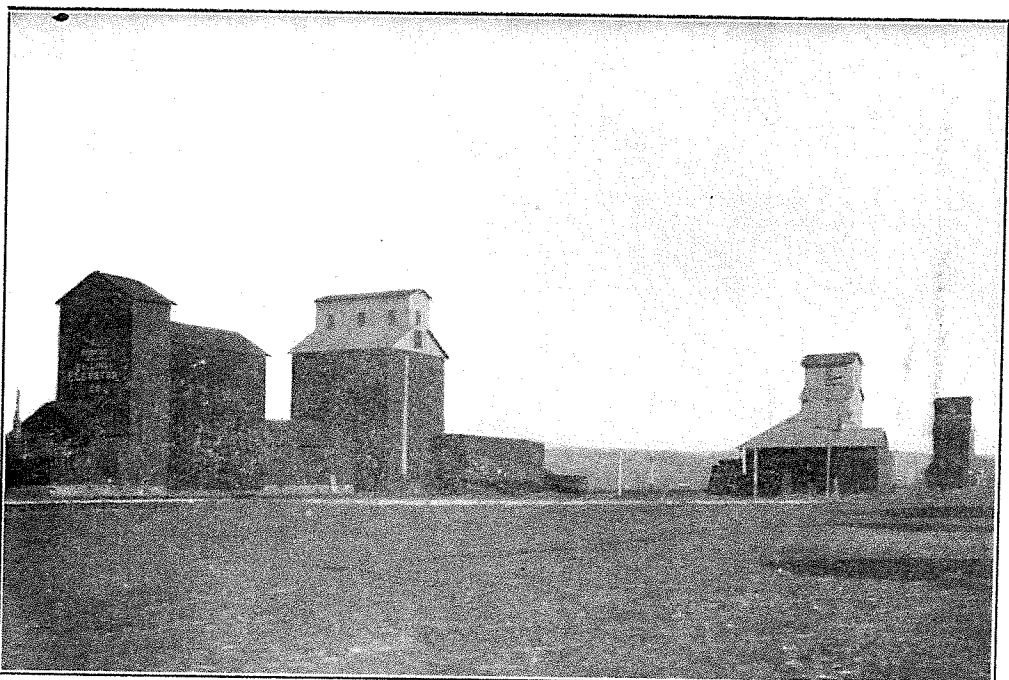
The Ashton school district was organized four years ago this last June. An up-to-date school building of six large, spacious rooms—well lighted and steam heated—having also a dining room for the pupils from the country, was erected four years ago at the cost of ASHTON nearly \$15,000. At the present time there are 224 pupils enrolled. The course of study consists of the grammar school grades and two years of high school work. By the

time this booklet is off the press two more years of high school work will have been added to the present course making a complete four-years' course of high school studies. Five teachers are now employed and two more will be engaged at the first of the year. This school district is out of debt and there is money in the treasury for more improvements. As has been stated before, this section has been developed entirely by HOME CAPITAL and when this fact is taken into consideration Ashton has certainly been "doing things." This is true of its present school as well as development in general.

Nearly all the different church organizations are represented in Ashton. While there are only two church buildings there at the present time, others are being planned for the near future. Creed has no place

in this country. If a man is a *man* he belongs to *everybody's* church, which is a love for all that is good and true, an appreciation of the blessings which nature has given and a belief in work and laughter and love and a kind and forgiving Providence who watches over all His people, and *we are all His people*.

The opportunities in the West, and especially this section, are greater today than they ever were before. More money is being made in farming and



Ashton's Four Elevators.

farm lands—actual cultivation as well as investment—in the Upper Snake River Valley than in any other section of Idaho. The resources of the HOMESEEKER. territory surrounding Ashton have been but little developed in comparison to what can be done. We are bidding for the men who are willing to work and work with a will. The soil, the sunshine and the water we have, but we want more farmers. They *are* coming. There is but one crop of land and values in these fertile regions are steadily increasing.

The nearness to Yellowstone National Park; the famous big game hunting grounds in Jackson's Hole; the beautiful mountain streams which teem with game trout of all varieties; the wonderful climate; the scenic beauty of surrounding country and the fact that we have never had a crop failure, makes this an ideal spot in which to build a home. We have everything that heart could wish for. Nature has been prodigal in bestowing her richest blessings on this section. *Will you come and share them with us?* Now is the time. Procrastination is the thief of time. Don't wait. If you are thinking of coming West, this is your *one* great opportunity.

The truth has been stated in the foregoing pages. Not a point has been stretched, rather have we been too conservative. Come and see for your-

self. Homeseekers rates are in effect all the year round from all eastern points to Ashton, Idaho. You have undoubtedly **CLOSING.** heard a great deal about this great State. Some of the greatest irrigation projects in the world are located here and the Upper Snake River Valley is *the best*. Our flourishing and prosperous towns will surprise you. Our happy and well-to-do people will make you envy them, BUT, "come and do likewise" and you will bless the day that information in regard to Ashton and the Upper Snake River Valley, came your way. If there is any special information that you would like, a postal or letter addressed to Secretary, Ashton Commercial Club, Ashton, Idaho, will be cheerfully answered.



Main Street Ashton Looking East.

A BUSINESS DIRECTORY

OF-- ASHTON, FREMONT COUNTY, IDAHO.

BANKS.

Ashton State Bank, F. X. Dolenty, Cashier.
Security State Bank, W. L. Robinson, Cashier.

ELEVATORS.

Miller Brothers, Jonas Mosser, Mgr.
Ashton Milling and Grain Co., S. D. Farnsworth, Mgr.
R. D. Merrill Grain Co., R. D. Merrill, Mgr.
Ashton Elevator Co., S. D. Farnsworth, Mgr.

DEPARTMENT STORES.

Harsberger and Co., J. Harsberger, Pres.
J. C. Robertson and Co., J. C. Robertson, Pres.

GROCERIES.

The Ashton Grocery, J. E. Davis, Prop.

CLOTHING.

The Cheap Cash Store, F. Freed, Prop.

HARDWARE AND IMPLEMENTS.

The Keller Implement Co., J. F. Hobart, Mgr.
The C. W. and M. Co., Wm. Smuin, Mgr.
Ashton Lumber and Hardware Co., R. H. Manning, Mgr.
J. C. Robertson and Co., J. C. Robertson, Mgr.
Studebaker Bros., R. C. Kirkbride, Mgr.

LUMBER YARDS.

St. Anthony Building and Mfg. Co., Abner Widison, Mgr.

The Ashton Lumber Co., R. H. Manning, Mgr.

RESTAURANTS AND CAFES.

The Ashton Cafe and Commercial Rooms, Thos. George, Prop.

The Ashton Cafe, Thomas Panos, Prop.

BOARDING HOUSES.

Mrs. J. E. Davis and Mrs. Wm. Zimmerman, Props.

The Ashton Rooming House, Mrs. Victoria Peterson, Prop.

HOTELS.

Hotel Ashton, W. J. Haack, Prop.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLES.

C. Nordvall.

F. Hulse.

JEWELERS.

R. Marguardt, Jeweler and Watchmaker.

J. F. Wendel, Jeweler, Watchmaker and Photographer.

PLUMBERS.

The Ashton Plumbing and Electric Supply Co., Freeman Hume, Mgr.

E. M. Varin.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Dr. E. L. Hargis.

SANITARIUMS.

The Ashton Sanitarium, Dr. E. L. Hargis, Prop.

DRUGGISTS.

The Teton Pharmacy, Hoff and Brothen, Props.

DENTISTS.

Dr. T. P. Carnes, D. D. S.,

MILLINERS.

Mrs. Alice Fosgreen.

NEWSPAPERS.

The Ashton Enterprise, H. H. Hartsvigsen, Editor and Prop.

THE ASHTON COMMERCIAL CLUB.

R. D. Merrill, Pres.; E. S. McCormick, Sec.; W. L. Robinson, Treas.

BLACKSMITHS.

Theodore Smith, C. L. Wessel, J. Judkins.

TELEPHONE COMPANIES.

The Independent Telephone Co., R. Marguardt, Mgr.

The Bell Telephone Co., McKinley, Mgr.

FURNITURE DEALERS.

The Chase Furniture Co., W. T. Gibson, Mgr.

MEAT MARKETS.

Stephens and Stephens.

AMUSEMENTS.

Electric Theatre, Swanstrum Hume and Co., Props.

The Ashton Opera House, E. M. Varin, Mgr.

LIBRARY AND READING ROOM.

The Ashton Commercial Club Library and Free Reading Room, E. S. McCormick, Mgr.

MUNICIPAL.

Municipal Electric Light Plant.
Municipal Water Works.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

Wm. Locke and J. M. Anderson.

PAINTERS AND PAPERHANGERS.

Frank Jondahl.

HARNESS AND SHOE REPAIRERS.

Sheffield and Long.

BARBERS.

Woods Brothers.

T. M. Toohey.

POOL AND BILLARDS.

Woods Brothers.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AND LOAN AGENTS.

H. C. Graves.

Moore and Fuller.

ASHTON CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal Church, Rev. Mark White,
Pastor.

Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, H.
R. Cunningham, Bishop.

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS.

F. A. Willde.

ASHTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

E. S. McCormick, Supt.

RAILROADS.

Oregon Short Line Yellowstone Park Line and
the Teton Line; R. T. Drollinger, Agent.